BUREAU OF PUBLIC WAT	ON
Beslah Hobbard Water Supply N	olster Assw
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Sys	
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Commu Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Dep system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all	nity public water system to develop and distribute a ending on the population served by the public water I in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach	copy of publication, water bill or other)
Advertisement in local paper (attach copy On water bills (attach copy of bill) Email message (MUST Email the messag Other	
Date(s) customers were informed: 6/8/16 /	/ , / /
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other directed used	ect delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
Date Mailed/Distributed:/_/	
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy As a URL (Provide URL As an attachment As text within the body of the email mess)
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of publ	ished CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper: New ton County	Appeal
Date Published: 6/8/6	7 0
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)	Date Posted://
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the fo	ollowing address (<u>DIRECT URL REQUIRED</u>):
CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the 2015 Consumer Confidence Report (CC public water system in the form and manner identified above a the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water Supply. Department of Health, Bareau of Public Water Supply. Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)	nd that I used distribution methods allowed by s CCR is true and correct and is consistent with ster system officials by the Mississippi State
Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700	May be faxed to: (601)576-7800
P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215	May be emailed to:

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH 2016 JUN 24 AM 8: 4!

CCR Due to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2016!

May be emailed to:

water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Beulah Hubbard Water Association PWS ID # 0510001 May 2016

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of three wells that draw from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. The water supply for Beulah Hubbard Water Association received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact John Knochenmuss at 601-774-0501. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the 2nd Thursday of each month at the Beulah Hubbard Water Association office at 4704 Hwy 494 at 7:00 pm., or attend our Annual Meeting on January 9, 2017 at the Beulah Hubbard Cafeteria.

Beulah Hubbard Water Association routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2015. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

es a constitution				TEST R	ESULTS:			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic C	ontamin	ants		A Alexander Francis	same talendari	o bisaka	11.00	
10. Barium	N	2013*	0.1186	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	1/1/12 to 12/31/14*	0.8	No Range	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	1/1/12 to 12/31/14*	0.8	No Range	ppb	0	AJ.=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Nickel	N	2013*	0.00033	No Range	ppm	0.1	0,1	Discharge from chemical factories, metal refineries and petroleum refineries
Disinfectar	rte & Dis	infectant	By-Prod	ucts				
Chlorine (as Cl2)	N	1/1/15 to 12/31/15	2.00	1.10 to 2.20	ppm	4.4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
73. TTHM [Total tri- halomethanes]	N	2013*	7.51	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
HAA5	N	2013*	0.007	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-product of drinking water chlorination

^{*} Most recent sample results available

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Beulah Hubbard Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

This report is being published in the paper and will not be mailed. Please call our office if you would like a copy or if you have any questions.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

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